


PERRETT WEBB
GOLF COURSE ARCHITECTS

in association with
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Notes: PLOT D

FOR INFORMATION

PLOT DATE 14 Dec 2021

Amendment

Date _____

Drawing Title **LANDSCAPE CONCEPT PLAN**
 Project No : 21287
 Scale at A1: 1:1500
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 Drawing No: **PW-10** Rev: - Sheet No : **3 of 3**

Open Forest
Open forest, with trees allow filtered views to the golf. Shrubs and groundcovers provide spatial definition between golf holes and transition between fairways.

Closed Forest
Dense canopy of trees with shrubs and groundcovers planting create spatial definition between holes. They also provide backdrops to golf holes and create a visual and physical screen along the site boundary.

Accent Trees

Decorative trees located at strategic locations of other plant communities along the edges of fairways or the backdrop of greens provide colour, texture and accentuation for visual termination. Accent trees can be existing handsome specimens on site or proposed species.

Medium Shrub Planting

Medium shrub planting acts as a transition of height between the taller background trees and the rough and fairways. It does not only enhance the hierarchical affect across the fairways but also adds visual interest while retaining the openness of the fairway.

Low Shrub and Groundcover Planting
Low shrub and groundcover planting forms part of the spatial definition of the greens and tee-offs and acts as a transition of scale between large shrubs, trees and turf.

Wetland Plant Community

Planting along the fairway edges within the shallow water bodies with ephemeral plants such as lilies and reeds, the plant community will provide opportunity for visual amenity as well as functioning as nutrient stripping, runoff filtering and attracting water birds and animals.

Water Edge Planting
This planting community of open landscape with scattered tree canopies coupled with under storey of water plants, reeds, flowering shrubs and groundcovers planted amongst rocks and boulders provides a definition for the golf holes as well as edge stabilisation and erosion control.

Forest or Shrub Edge
When closed forest, tall shrub or mass low shrub area meets the water edge, planting association will be added with wetland or hydrophytic vegetation that helps with embankment stabilisation as well as providing visual variety to the water edge.

Turf Edge
This edge treatment aims to provide a clear distinction between "in" or "out" of water with the golf game. Line of water or dry turf land is to be clearly defined by water level control. Clean turf edge to meet with water in this instance.

Stone or Boulder Edge
Stone or boulder lined water edge is recommended in areas where wave action occurs and a stronger embankment is needed. This area will be interspersed with wetland or hydrophytic vegetation to help with the erosion control and the softening of water edge.

Diagram illustrating the relationship between a lake, a wetland area, and a golf course. The lake is on the left, followed by a wetland area with reeds. A red line marks the boundary between the wetland and the golf course, labeled "Allowance for waterline fluctuation". The golf course is on the right, labeled "Golf - play area".