

## PLAN OF A GREEN COMPLEX - NTS



TYPICAL BUNKER SECTION - NTS


TYPICAL BUNKER - ARTIST'S IMPRESSION

## Transition - Decorative Planting

Open decorative tree, shrub and groundcover plantings provide a transition between the formal clubhouse setting to the golf course landscape. The planting will also provide colour, texture and visual interest to the viewers.

## Open Woodland

Open woodland with trees allow filtered views to the golf. Shrubs and groundcovers provide spatial definition between golf holes and transition between fairways.

## Closed Woodland

Dense canopy of trees with shrubs and groundcovers planting create spatial definition between holes. They also provide backdrops to golf holes and create a visual and physical screen along the site boundary.


## Accent Trees

Decorative trees located at strategic locations of other plant communities along the edges of fairways or the backdrop of greens provide colour, texture and accentuation for visual termination. Accent trees can be existing handsome specimens on site or proposed species.


## Medium Shrub Planting

Medium shrub planting acts as a transition of height between the taller background trees and the rough and fairways. It does not only enhance the hierarchical affect across the fairways but also adds visual interest while retaining the openness of the fairway.

## Low Shrub and Groundcover Planting

Low shrub and groundcover planting forms part of the spatial definition of the greens and tee-offs and acts as a transition of scale between large shrubs, trees and turf.

## Water Edge Planting

This planting community of open landscape with scattered tree canopies coupled with under storey of water plants, reeds,
flowering shrubs and groundcovers planted amongst rocks and boulders provides a definition for the golf holes as well as edge stabilisation and erosion control.

## Wetland Plant Community

Planting along the fairway edges within the shallow water bodies with ephemeral plants such as lilies and reeds, the plant community will provide opportunity for visual amenity as well as functioning as nutrient stripping, runoff filtering and attracting water birds and animals.


## Stone or Boulder Edge

Stone or boulder lined water edge is recommended in areas where wave action occurs and a stronger embankment is needed. This area will be interspersed with wetland or hydrophytic vegetation to help with the erosion control and the softening of water edge.

## Wetland - Turf Edge

This edge is outside of play area and it is essential for the environment as well as visual variety to the golf course. The selected species to be tolerant of continually moist soil and inundation conditions of the lake. Wetland plants play a primary role in water quality as a filtering system for water-borne pollutants.

Ficus macrophylla Australian Banyan, Moreton Bay Fig


Delonix regia Royal poinciana Flamboyant, Flame of the forest, Flame tree


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Araucaria bidwillii
Bunya Bunya Pine, False Monkey Puzzle Tree

## Jacaranda mimosifolia

Jacaranda, Blue Jacaranda, Black Poui, Fern Tree

